

Common Nonmetallic ROOTS

H = hydr-	B = bor-
C = carb-	N = nitr-
O = ox-	F = fluor-
Si = silic-	P = phosph-
S = sulf-	Cl = chlor-
As = arsen-	Se = selen-
Br = brom-	Sb = antimony-
I = iod-	



Common NONMETAL Ions

S ²⁻ sulfide	Br ¹⁻ bromide
F ¹⁻ fluoride	H ¹⁻ hydride
Cl ¹⁻ chloride	I ¹⁻ iodide
P ³⁻ phosphide	O ²⁻ oxide
N ³⁻ nitride	Se ³⁻ selenide

Greek PREFIXES

mono- one	hexa- six
di- two	hepta- seven
tri- three	octa- eight
tetra- four	nona- nine
penta- five	deca- ten

Common METAL Ions

Cu ⁺ copper (I) (cuprous)	Mn ²⁺ manganese (II)
Cu ²⁺ copper (II) (cupric)	Ni ²⁺ nickel (II)
Fe ²⁺ iron (II) (ferrous)	Ni ³⁺ nickel (III)
Fe ³⁺ iron (III) (ferric)	Co ²⁺ cobalt (II)
Hg ₂ ²⁺ mercury (I) (mercurious)	Co ³⁺ cobalt (III)
Hg ²⁺ mercury (II) (mercuric)	Cr ³⁺ chromium (III)
Pb ²⁺ lead (II) (plumbous)	Cr ⁶⁺ chromium (VI)
Pb ⁴⁺ lead (IV) (plumbic)	V ⁵⁺ vanadium (V)
Sn ²⁺ tin (II) (stannous)	Ti ⁴⁺ titanium (IV)
Sn ⁴⁺ tin (IV) (stannic)	

Polyatomic Ions

BO ₃ ³⁻ borate ion	
BrO ₃ ⁻ bromate ion	
BrO ₄ ⁻ perbromate	
B ₄ O ₇ ²⁻ tetraborate	
C ₂ H ₃ O ₂ ⁻ acetate ion (CH ₃ COO ⁻)	
C ₆ H ₅ O ₇ ³⁻ citrate ion	
ClO ⁻ hypochlorite ion	
ClO ₂ ⁻ chlorite ion	
ClO ₃ ⁻ chlorate ion	
ClO ₄ ⁻ perchlorate ion	
CN ⁻ cyanide ion	
CO ₃ ²⁻ carbonate ion	
C ₂ O ₄ ²⁻ oxalate ion	
CrO ₄ ²⁻ chromate ion	
Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ dichromate ion	
HPO ₄ ²⁻ hydrogen phosphate ion	
HSO ₄ ⁻ hydrogen sulfate ion	
HCO ₃ ⁻ hydrogen carbonate ion	
H ₂ PO ₄ ⁻ dihydrogen phosphate ion	
IO ⁻ hypiodite ion	
IO ₂ ⁻ iodite ion	
IO ₃ ⁻ iodate ion	
IO ₄ ⁻ periodate ion	
MnO ₄ ⁻ permanganate ion	
NH ₄ ⁺ ammonium ion	SeO ₃ ²⁻ selenite ion
NO ₂ ⁻ nitrite ion	SeO ₄ ²⁻ selenate ion
NO ₃ ⁻ nitrate ion	SiO ₄ ⁴⁻ silicate ion
O ₂ ²⁻ peroxide ion	S ₂ O ₃ ²⁻ thiosulfate ion
OH ⁻ hydroxide ion	SO ₃ ²⁻ sulfite ion
PO ₃ ³⁻ phosphite ion	SO ₄ ²⁻ sulfate ion
PO ₄ ³⁻ phosphate ion	SCN ⁻ thiocyanate ion

Solubility Rules

Rule #1 – All alkali metal compounds are soluble.

Rule #2 – All ammonium salts are soluble.

Rule #3 – All nitrate, chlorate, acetate and perchlorate salts are soluble.

Rule #4 – All chloride, bromide and iodide salts are soluble.

EXCEPT – Ag^+ , Hg_2^{2+} , Pb_2^{2+}

Rule #5 – All sulfates are soluble.

EXCEPT – Ba^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Hg_2^{2+} , Pb_2^{2+}

Rule #6 – All hydroxides are insoluble.

EXCEPT – Ba^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , alkali metals

Rule #7 – All sulfides are insoluble.

EXCEPT – alkali metals and alkaline earth metals

Rule #8 – All sulfites, carbonates, chromates and phosphates are insoluble.

EXCEPT – NH_4^+ , alkali metals

"like dissolves like"

Activity Series for Metals

Potassium	K^+
Sodium	Na^+
Lithium	Li^+
Barium	Ba^{2+}
Strontium	Sr^{2+}
Calcium	Ca^{2+}
Magnesium	Mg^{2+}
Aluminum	Al^{3+}
Manganese	Mn^{2+}
Zinc	Zn^{2+}
Chromium	Cr^{2+}
Iron	Fe^{2+}
Cadmium	Cd^{2+}
Cobalt	Co^{2+}
Nickel	Ni^{2+}
Tin	Sn^{2+}
Lead	Pb^{2+}
Hydrogen	H^+ (comparison)
Antimony	Sb^{2+}
Bismuth	Bi^{2+}
Copper	Cu^{2+}
Mercury	Hg^{2+}
Silver	Ag^+
Platinum	Pt^+

INCREASING REACTIVITY

H -72	Electron Affinity										He (21)
Li -60	Be (241)	→	B -28	C -122	N 0	O -142	F -322	Ne (29)			
Na -53	Mg (231)	→	Al -44	Si -119	P -74	S -200	Cl -348	Ar (35)			
K -48	Ca (156)	→	Ga (-36)	Ge -116	As -77	Se -194	Br -323	Kr (39)			
Rb -47	Sr (119)	→	In (-34)	Sn -120	Sb -101	Te -190	I -295	Xe (40)			
Cs -45	Ba (52)	→	Tl (-48)	Pb -101	Bi -101	Po (-178)	At (-270)	Rn (40)			

H 2.20	Electronegativity																He n.a.
Li 0.98	Be 1.57																
Na 0.93	Mg 1.31																
K 0.82	Ca 1.00	Sc 1.36	Ti 1.54	V 1.63	Cr 1.66	Mn 1.55	Fe 1.83	Co 1.88	Ni 1.91	Cu 1.90	Zn 1.65	Ga 1.81	Ge 2.01	As 2.18	Se 2.55	Br 2.96	Kr 3.00
Rb 0.82	Sr 0.95	Y 1.22	Zr 1.33	Nb 1.60	Mo 2.16	Tc 1.90	Ru 2.20	Rh 2.28	Pd 2.20	Ag 1.93	Cd 1.69	In 1.78	Sn 1.96	Sb 2.05	Te 2.10	I 2.66	Xe 2.60
Cs 0.79	Ba 0.89	La 1.10	Hf 1.30	Ta 1.50	W 2.36	Re 1.90	Os 2.20	Ir 2.28	Pt 2.54	Au 2.00	Hg 1.62	Tl 2.33	Pb 2.02	Po 2.00	At 2.20	Rn n.a.	
Fr 0.70	Ra 0.89	Ac 1.10	Rf n.a.	Db n.a.	Sg n.a.	Bh n.a.	Hs n.a.	Mt n.a.	Ds n.a.	Rg n.a.	Uub n.a.	Uuq n.a.	—	—	—	—	

