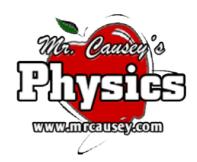
Equation Sheet



Linear Motion

$$\overline{v} = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t}$$

$$\overline{V} = \frac{V_1 + V_0}{2}$$

(average velocity)

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

(acceleration)

$$v_1^2 = v_0^2 + 2a\Delta x$$

(sans time)

$$d=v_0t+\frac{1}{2}a\Delta t^2 \hspace{1cm} V_1=V_0+a\Delta t$$

(average velocity)

$$v_{_1} = v_{_0} + a\Delta t$$

(displacement) (motion)

$$x_{_1}=x_{_0}+v_{_0}\Delta t+\frac{1}{2}a\Delta t^2$$

(horizontal position)

$$y = mx + b$$

(y-intercept)

$$y_{_1} = y_{_0} + v_{_0} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2$$
 $m = \frac{y_{_2} - y_{_1}}{x_{_2} - x_{_1}}$

$$n = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Forces

$$\Sigma F = ma \,$$

$$w = mg$$
 (weight)

$$F_{N} = mg$$
 ight) (normal force)

$$F_N = mg \cos \theta$$
 (inclined plane)

$$\boldsymbol{F_s} = \boldsymbol{\mu_s}\boldsymbol{F_N}$$

$$F_s = \mu_s F_N$$
 $F_k = \mu_k F_N$ (static friction) (kinetic friction)

$$\rho = mv$$
 (momentum)

Ft =
$$\Delta \rho$$
 (impulse)

$$\sum p_0 = \sum p_1$$
(conservation of momentum)

$$m_0v_0=m_1v_1$$

$$m_1v_1 + m_2v_2 = m_1v_1 + m_4v_4$$

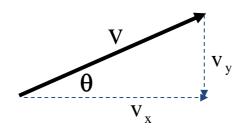
(collision equation)

 $m_1v_1 + m_2v_2 = (m_1 + m_2)v_3$

Vector Components

$$\mathbf{v_x} = \mathbf{v} \, \mathbf{cos} \, \boldsymbol{\theta}$$

$$v_v = v \sin \theta$$



Work and Power

$$W = Fd$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t}$$

$$PE = mgh$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

(work)

(power)

(potential energy)

(kinetic energy)

Torque

$$\tau = F\ell$$
 (torque)

$$\sum \tau_0 = \sum \tau_1$$

Circular Motion

$$\Delta\theta = \frac{s}{r}$$

$$\omega = \frac{\mathsf{V}}{\mathsf{r}}$$

$$\Delta\theta = \frac{s}{r}$$
 $\omega = \frac{V}{\Delta t}$

$$\alpha = \frac{\Delta \omega}{\Delta t} \qquad \qquad \alpha = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\omega_1 = \omega_0 + \alpha \Delta t$$

$$\boldsymbol{\omega}_{_{1}} = \boldsymbol{\omega}_{_{0}} + \alpha \Delta t \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\theta}_{_{1}} = \boldsymbol{\theta}_{_{0}} + \boldsymbol{\omega}_{_{0}} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha \Delta t^{^{2}}$$

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$a_c = r\omega^2$$

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$$
 $a_c = r\omega^2$ $F_c = \frac{mv^2}{r}$ $F_c = mr\omega^2$

$$F_c = mr\omega^2$$

Notes

"I have learned that people will forget what you said, people will forget what you did, but they will never forget how YOU made them Feel" -- Maya Angelou